

Módulo 9 Cuarto Medio

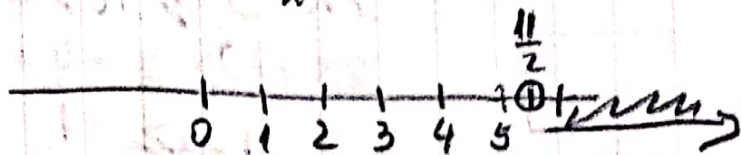
1: $3x + 1 < x + 12$

$3x - x < 12 - 1$

$2x < 11 \quad | :2$

$x < \frac{11}{2}$

$S:]-\infty, \frac{11}{2}[$



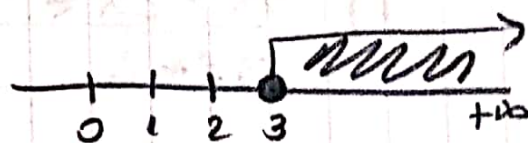
2: $3x - 8 + 2x + 15 \leq 9x - 23 + 2x + 12$

$5x - 11x \leq -11 - 7$

$-6x \leq -18 \quad | : -6$

$x \geq 3$

$S: [3, +\infty[$



3: $5x - \frac{2}{5} \leq 2 - \frac{7x}{2} + 3 \quad | \cdot 10$

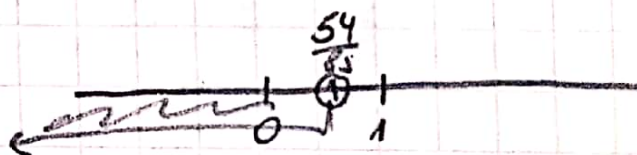
$50x - 4 \leq 20 - 35x + 30$

$50x + 35x \leq 50 + 4$

$85x \leq 54$

$x \leq \frac{54}{85}$

$S:]-\infty, \frac{54}{85}[$



4) $2x^2 \geq -29x - 90$

$2x^2 + 29x + 90 \geq 0$

$(2x+9)(2x+10) \geq 0$

$2x+9 \geq 0 \quad \wedge \quad 2x+10 \geq 0$

$x \geq -\frac{9}{2}$

$x \geq -5$



$2x^2 + 29x + 90 \cdot \frac{2}{2}$

$\frac{4x^2 + 2x \cdot 29 + 180}{2}$

$\frac{(2x+9)(2x+20)}{2}$

$\frac{2(2x+9)(2x+10)}{2}$

$S: [5, +\infty[$

$$6) \frac{2x-3}{5x+2} \geq -2$$

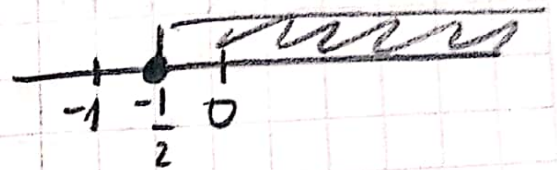
$$2x-3 \geq -10x-4$$

$$2x+10x \geq -4+3$$

$$12x \geq -1$$

$$x \geq -\frac{1}{12}$$

$$S: \left[-\frac{1}{12}, +\infty\right[$$



$$7) \frac{3x^2-2x}{3x+2} \leq -2$$

$$3x^2-2x \leq -6x-4$$

$$3x^2+4x+4 \leq 0$$

∄ solución real.
es imaginaria

$$3x^2+4x+4 = 0$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}}{2 \cdot 3}$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 48}}{6}$$

$$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-32}}{6} \rightarrow \text{Imag.}$$